

PRIMUS FINAL EVENT.



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TECHNICAL ADVANCEMENTS

**REGULATORY
RECOMMENDATIONS**

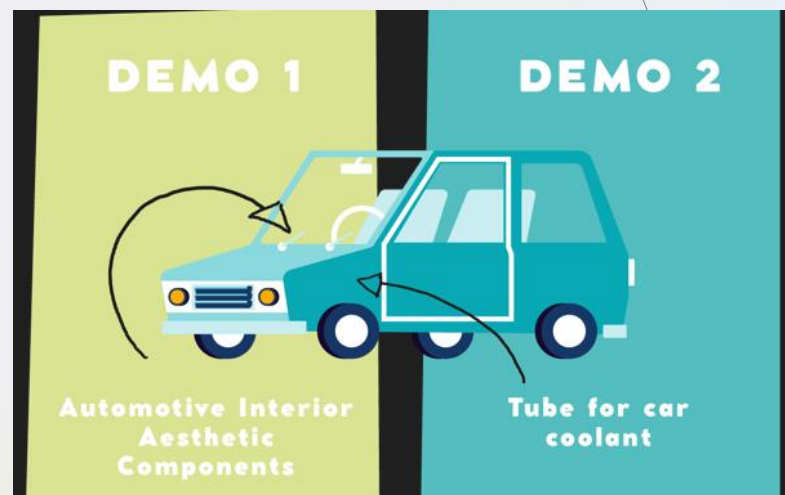
**DIGITAL TOOLS AND
STAKEHOLDERS'
RECOMMENDATIONS**

11.30-12:00	Recycled materials for automotive sector Ainara Telleria, Cikautxo Beñat Madariaga, Maier	PRE-1000 tool Andromeda Scoppio, Plastics Recyclers Europe	Sustainability Assessments & EcoProfiles Julia Cilleruelo, GreenDelta
12:00-13:00	Lunch Time		
13:00-13:30	Results from home appliances pilot: washing machine Ainara Telleria, Cikautxo	POPs Regulation Ana Rita Neiva, Coolrec Mathilde Taveau, Plastics Recyclers Europe	Digital Product Passport Teresa Oberhauser, Circularise
13:30-14:00	Coffee Break and Networking		
14:00-14:30	Food-contact solutions Ana Rita Neiva, Coolrec.	Food-contact Regulation for recycled plastics Mathilde Taveau, Plastics Recyclers Europe	Stakeolders' engagement Eve-Liis Roosmaa, Tallin university
14:30-15:00	Recap for the parallel sessions and closing remarks		
15:00-15:30	Networking		

RECYCLED MATERIALS FOR AUTOMOTIVE SECTOR

DEMO 1: Automotive interior

DEMO 2: Automotive cooling circuit and its elements



RECYCLED MATERIALS FOR AUTOMOTIVE SECTOR

OBJECTIVE

Demonstrate the possibility to use recycled materials in two different automotive applications.

Feasibility of the manufacturing processes (injection moulding and extrusion) using recycled materials.

Analyse the level of fulfilment of the technical specifications with demonstrators with different recycled material levels.





Ainara Telleria Echaniz

PRIMUS project
www.primus-project.eu

*Material development
for fluid handling
division at*



PRIMUS WP4 leader is experienced in material development for automotive industry. After a Chemical Degree, she did her masters in Applied Chemistry and Polymeric Materials followed by the PhD in Inorganic Chemistry. She is working at CIKATEK R&D and Innovation Centre for the past 8 years, developing new materials for the automotive industry, focused on the automotive cooling system and its elements.

Beñat Madariaga Aurrekoetxea

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R&D+I Project Leader at



PRIMUS WP4 DEMO 1 leader is experienced in managing development projects of plastic injected parts for automotive industry. He has a B.Sc. Degree in Polymer Engineering. He is working at MAIER R&D and Innovation Centre for the last 14 years, developing new finishings and applications for the automotive industry, focused on the automotive interior and exterior decorative and functional plastic parts.

RECYCLED MATERIALS FOR AUTOMOTIVE

Automotive interior

SECTOR

CONTENTS

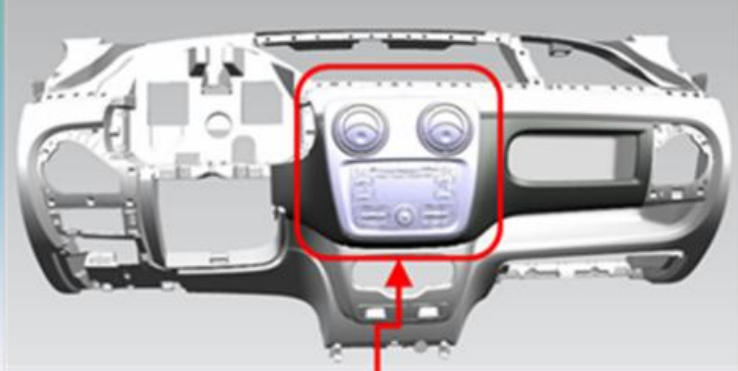
1. Description of the Fascia-Central Console.
2. Champion formulations.
3. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.
4. Validation of the parts.



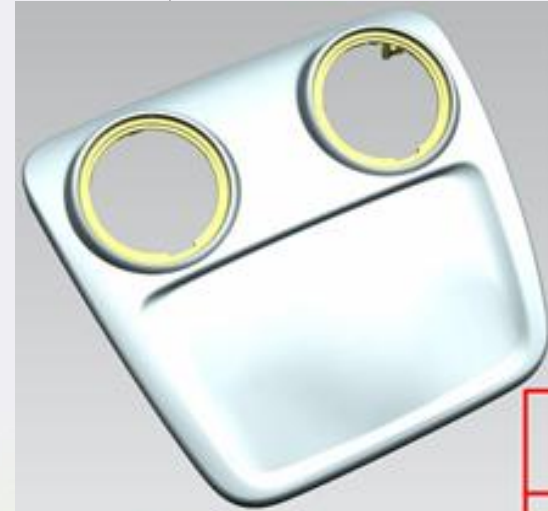
1. Description of the Fascia-Central Console.



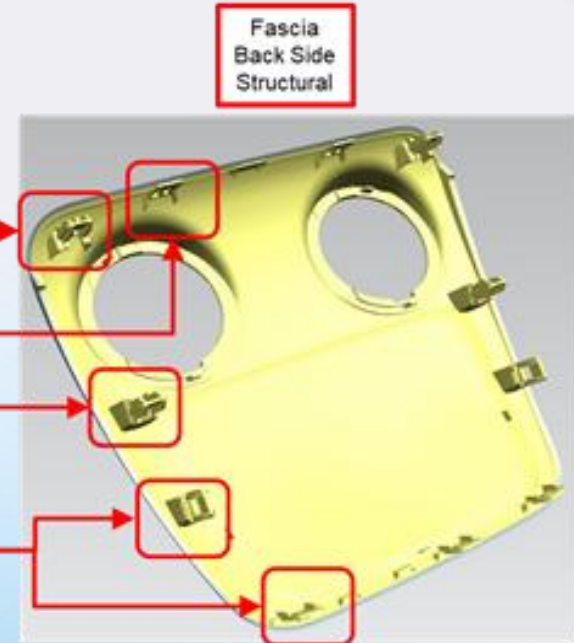
1. Description of the Fascia Central Console .



Component: Fascia Central Console
Material: PC+ABS Prime (Front Side)
PC+ABS Recycled (Back Side)
Process: 2K Injection (Bi-material)
Finish: Aesthetic (Mass coloured, Painted)
Assembly: Dashboard, Airbag, Radio, Aerators



Fascia
Front Side
Aesthetic



Fascia
Back Side
Structural

Plastic
Clips

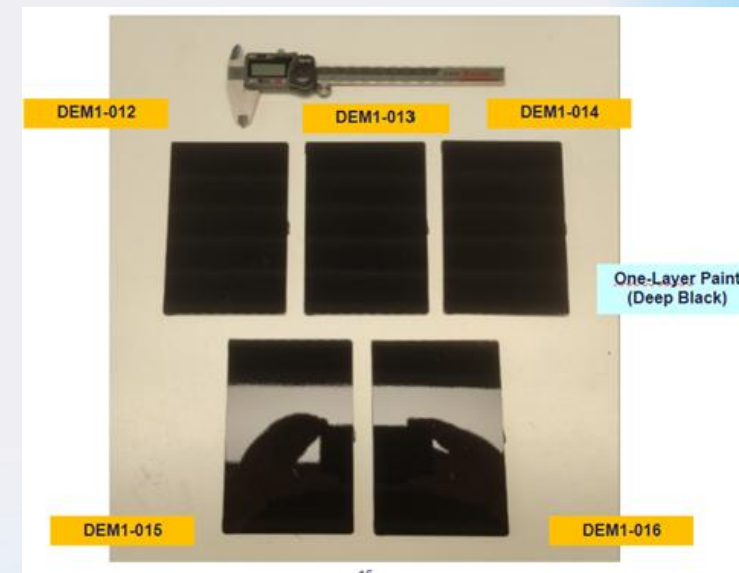
2. Champion formulations.



2. Champion formulations.

Samples of DEM1-012 to DEM1-016 PC+ABS Recycled materials

Type	Source	Code
PC + ABS	VTT Recycled	DEM1-012
PC + ABS	VTT Recycled	DEM1-013
PC + ABS	VTT Recycled	DEM1-014
PC + ABS	VTT Recycled	DEM1-015
PC + ABS	VTT Recycled	DEM1-016



Preparation of 2D sample plates

Surface energy (contact angle test) tested on 2D samples.

Formulation DM1-013 (MTC 612) has been selected for 3D injection molding.

50kgs produced and tested.

Variants	Results							
	Contact Angle				Total Surface tension			
	1	2	3	Av.	1	2	3	Av.
DM1-012-MTC 611	82,084	76,016	78,465	78,855	34,180	37,985	36,440	36,202
DM2-013-MTC 612	71,686	75,174	82,333	76,398	40,665	38,520	34,025	37,737
DM1-014-MTC 613	80,733	86,490	82,651	83,291	35,025	31,420	33,510	33,318
DM1-015-MTC 614	83,162	84,751	83,086	83,666	33,500	32,510	31,990	32,667
DM1-016-MTC 615	85,302	82,029	83,621	83,651	32,165	34,215	33,215	33,198

3. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.



3. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.

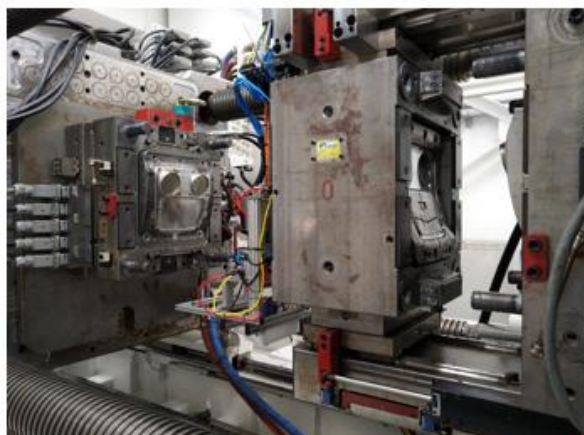
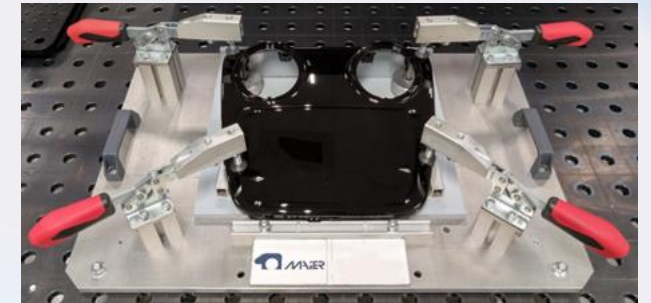
Injection



Painting



Assembling



Moving Half (Left)
Rotating Half (Right)



3. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.

Trial		A (Prime + Prime)	B (Prime + Recycled)	C (Recycled + Recycled)
Date		04-05-22	04-05-22	04-05-22
Project		ID0073	ID0073	ID0073
	Code	779IU100	779IU100	779IU100
	Name	15A1130	15A1130	15A1130
Part		Fabada	Fabada	Fabada
	Finishing	Pulido	Pulido	Pulido
	Code	PLA00072	PLA00072	DEM1-013
	Type	PC+ABS	PC+ABS	PC+ABS
	Name	BAYLE10	BAYLE10	Recycled
	Grade	T95XF	T95XF	VTT
	Colour	BK 901510	BK 901510	BK
Pre-Drying	Equipment	Plovian HR200	Plovian HR200	Plovian HR200
	Silo			
	Time (h)	4	4	4
	Temperature (°C)	80	80	90
Injection Moulding M	Equipment	E700 Multitech	E700 Multitech	E700 Multitech
	Code	07077	07077	07077
	Injection Unit	1	1	3
	Screw Diameter (mm)	70	70	55
	L/D Ratio	22	22	20
	Max. Capacity (cm³)	1.500	1.500	511
Mould Temperature	Equipment	Frigel	Frigel	Frigel
	Code	ATED151	ATED151	ATED156
	Set (°C)	80	80	70
	Actual (°C)			
Rotating	Equipment	Frigel	Frigel	Frigel
	Code	ATED151	ATED156	ATED156
	Set (°C)	1	2	2
	Actual (°C)	80	70	70
Moving Half	Equipment	Frigel	Frigel	Frigel
	Code	ATED156	ATED156	ATED156
	Set (°C)	2	2	2
	Actual (°C)	65	70	70
Injection	Injection Unit	1	1	3
	Screw Rotation (m/s)	0.25	0.25	0.25
	Backpressure (bar)	20.00	20.00	20.00
	Stroke (Shot Size) (cm³)	270.00	270.00	270.00
	Dossing Delay (s)	1.00	1.00	1.00
	Dossing Time (s)	7.14	7.14	7.14
	Switchover position (cm)	50.00	50.00	70.00
	Cushion (cm)	48.83	48.83	48.83
	Injection Speed (cm/s)	70.00	70.00	100.00
	Injection Pressure (Limit) (bar)	1.500.00	1.500.00	1.500.00
	Injection Pressure (Max) (bar)	871.00	871.00	1.400.00
	Injection Filling Time (s)	3.45	3.45	2.09
	Holding Pressure (bar)	400.00	400.00	400.00
	Holding Pressure Time (s)	8.00	8.00	8.00
	Cooling Time (s)	30.00	30.00	30.00
	Cycle Time (s)			
Melt Temperature	Injection Unit	1	1	3
	Nozzle (°C)	260	260	270
	T1 (°C)	260	260	270
	T2 (°C)	260	260	260
	T3 (°C)	260	260	260
	T4 (°C)	240	240	250
	T5 (°C)	240	240	250
	Hopper (°C)	70	70	50
Hot Runner	Injection Unit	1	1	3
	M1 (°C)	260	260	270
	M2 (°C)	260	260	270
	M3 (°C)	260	260	270
	M4 (°C)	260	260	270
	M5 (°C)	260	260	270
	M6 (°C)	260	260	270
	M7 (°C)	260	260	270
	M8 (°C)	260	260	270
	M9 (°C)	260	260	270
	M10 (°C)	260	260	270
	M11 (°C)	260	260	270
	M12 (°C)	260	260	270
	M13 (°C)	260	260	270
	M14 (°C)	260	260	270
	M15 (°C)	260	260	270
	M16 (°C)	260	260	270
	M17 (°C)	260	260	270
	M18 (°C)	260	260	270
	M19 (°C)	260	260	270
	M20 (°C)	260	260	270
	M21 (°C)	260	260	270
	M22 (°C)	260	260	270
	M23 (°C)	260	260	270



Tri-Layer Paint (Satin Chrome)

One-Layer Paint (Deep Black)

	Code	Type	(%)
Primer	P00278	Primer	47.6
	P00350	Thinner	47.6
	P7421	Hardener	4.8
	Total		100.0
Colour		Paint	83.2
	P00052	Thinner	16.6
	P7421	Hardener	0.2
Total		100.0	
Coat		Coat	66.6
	P00350	Thinner	33.3
	P7421	Hardener	0.1
Total		100.0	

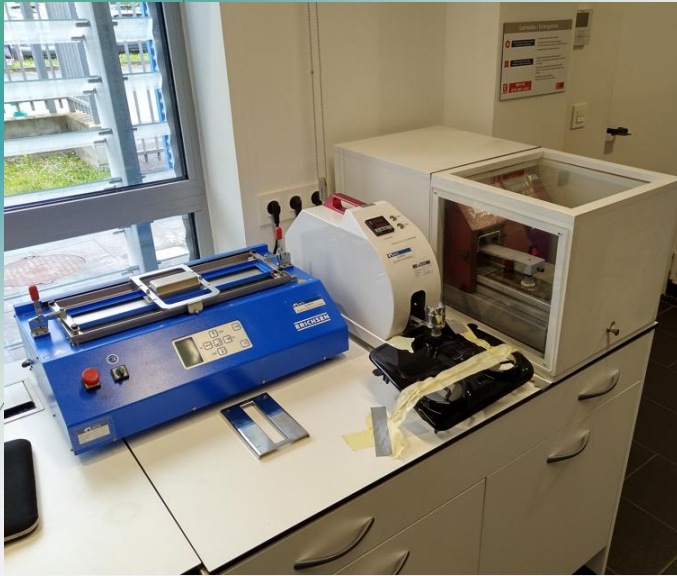
	Code	Type	(%)
Paint	P7433	Paint	71.4
	P7421	Hardener	14.3
	P00054	Thinner	14.3
	Total		100.0



4. Validation of the parts.



4. Validation of the parts.



Test	Standard	Code	1 layer paint			3 layers paint		
			A	B	C	A	B	C
Colour	D25 5479 / ASTM D2244	a	-1,12	-1,05	-0,07	-1,13	-1,04	-0,07
		b	-0,06	0,01	-0,25	-0,06	0,01	-0,20
Initial Adhesion	B72 0200 / D25 1075	a-b	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK
Aesthetic (Visual)	Injection	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
	Painted	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,0	0,0	0,0	1,0
	Total	0,0	0,0	0,0	1,0	0,0	0,0	1,0
			OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK
Resistance to immersion in water (Ford Tank)	B72 0200 / D27 1327	Blistering	0	0	0	0	0	0
		Adhesion	a-b	a	a	a	a	a
			OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK
Resistance to washing with high pressure	B72 0200 / D25 5376	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0	0,0
			OK	OK	OK	OK	OK	OK
Assessment - Overall Rating		OK	5	5	5	5	5	5
		NOK	1	0	2	1	0	2
		%	100	100	100	100	100	100

Validation tests results were improved from previous trials and it can be confirmed that recycled material versions give same results as prime material versions.

4. Validation of the parts.

Nº	Test description	Method	Specification	A	B	C
2.2	Stiffness (5daN / 5 s / Ø14mm)	CAR03 0009	Deflection < 2 mm			
3.1	Heat ageing (22h/100°C)	D45 1234	No change			
4.1	Impact resistance (B/1000/50/23°C)					
4.1	Impact resistance (B/1000/50/-30°C)	D42 1235	No break			
5.3	VOC	D45 1601	Report			
5.4	Flammability	D45 1333	<100 mm/min			
5.5	Fogging (1h / 110°C)					
5.5	Fogging (24 h / 110°C)	D45 1727	85±5%			
5.6	Odour	D10 5517	Frequency of descriptor's presence <6/10			
5.7	Light resistance (WOM) (240 h)	D47 1431	≥4			
5.8	Colour fastness to rubbing (10 Cycles)					
	Dry		≥4/5			
	Sopay water		≥4/5			
	Technical Heptane	D45 1010	≥4/5			
	Essence F		≥4/5			
	Acid Perspiration		≥4/5			
	Basic Perspiration		≥4/5			
Distilled water		≥4/5				
5.9.1	Wear by rubbing	D14 1055	≥4/5			
5.9.2	Dry abrasion	D42 1775	≥4/5			
5.10	Resistance to micro-organism in humid atmosphere (7days/40°C/95%HR)					
	7 days	D47 1217	No Odour			
	24 h		No Micro-organism			
5.11.1	Accelerated ageing (72h/40°C/>95%HR)	D47 1165 B15 5050				
5.11.2	Finished parts	B15 5050				
5.11.4	Colour fastness to water, sea water and perspiration	D47 1020				
	Acid perspiration		5			
	Basic perspiration	B15 5050	5			
5.12	Chemical resistance (hand cream)					
	Nivea	B62 0400	≥4/5			
	La Roche-Posay		≥4/5			
5.13	Paint coatings and similar products staining	D27 5144	Colour change: 0			
	Initial adhesion	D27 1327	Adhesion: a/b			
	Adhesion after water immersion (72h/40°C)	B62 0400	No change			
6.3	Part fall test (1m)		No break			

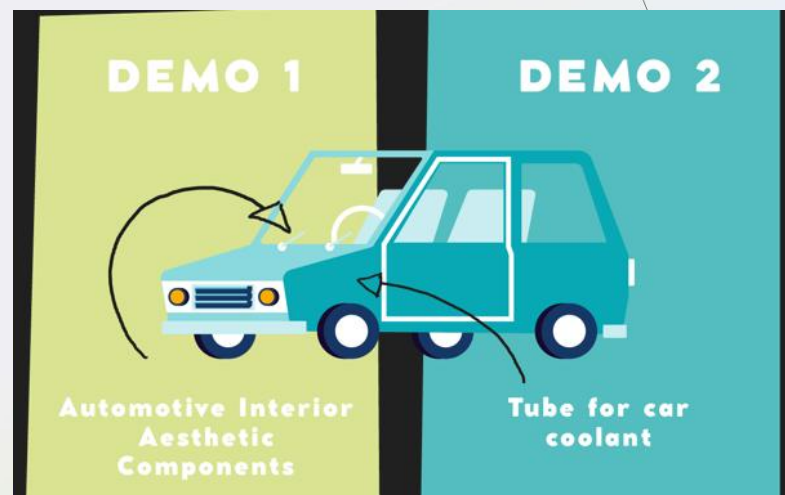
Regarding functionality, there are some tests with a NOK result. Basically they are grouped in Colour fastness to rubbing and Chemical resistance (hand cream) tests. They have NOK results but for all the versions, included the prime + prime version.

This means that the result is not linked directly to the material. It seems that it is linked to a lack of maturation process that could be probably solved working on all the process (injection and specially painting & curing process).



RECYCLED MATERIALS FOR AUTOMOTIVE SECTOR

DEMO 2: Automotive cooling circuit and its elements



RECYCLED MATERIALS FOR AUTOMOTIVE SECTOR

Automotive cooling circuit and its elements

CONTENTS

1. Components of the cooling circuit.
2. Conventional hoses and new trends.
3. Champion formulations.
4. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.
5. Validation of the parts.

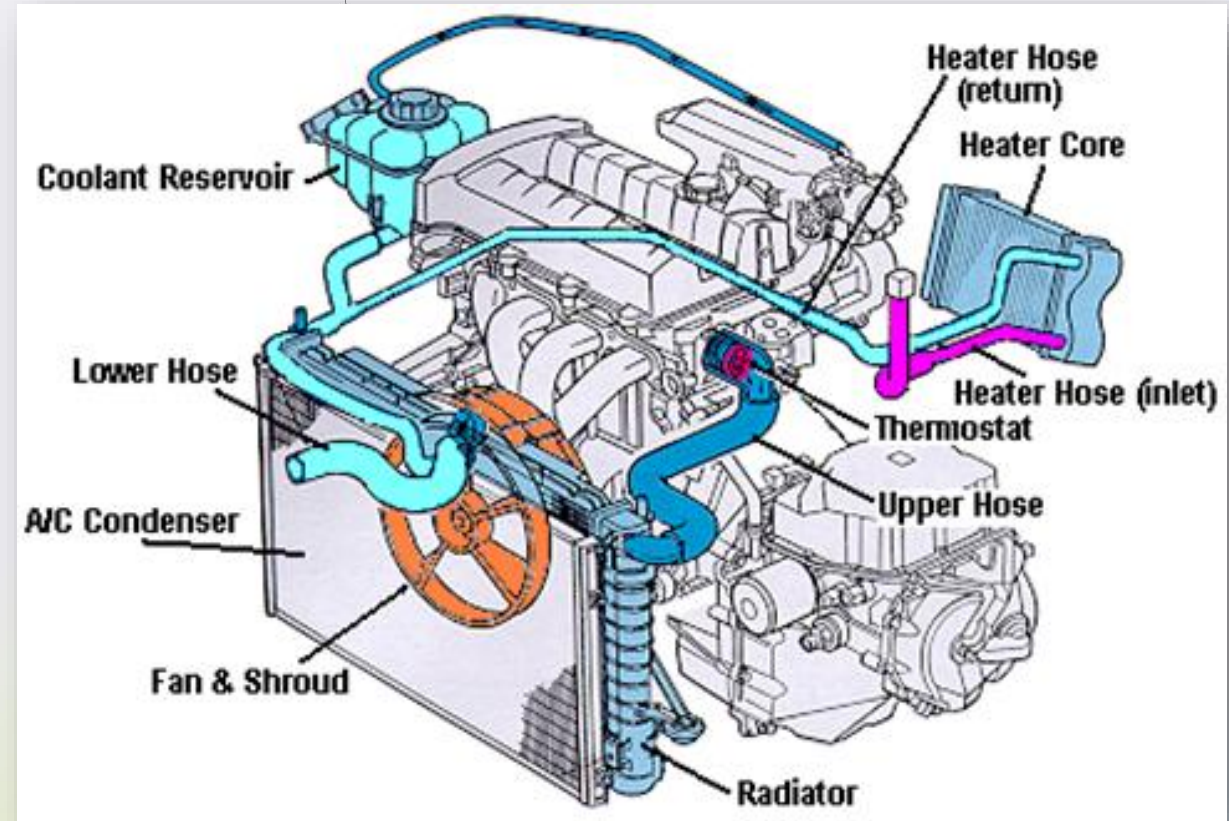


1. Components of the cooling circuit.



1. Components of the cooling circuit.

- Radiator.
- Water pump.
- Thermostat.
- Coolant.
- Expansion tank.
- Heater core.



2. Conventional hoses and new trends.



2. Conventional hoses and new trends.

**Internal combustion engine
(ICE).**

Tmax = 135°C - 150°C

Pmax = 2.5 bar - 3.5 bar



Conventional hoses.

RUBBER / YARN / RUBBER

Electric vehicles (EV).

Tmax = 90°C - 110°C

**Pmax = 1.5 bar - 2.0
bar**



New trends.

**THERMOPLASTIC or
THERMOPLASTIC
ELASTOMERS**

Advantages:

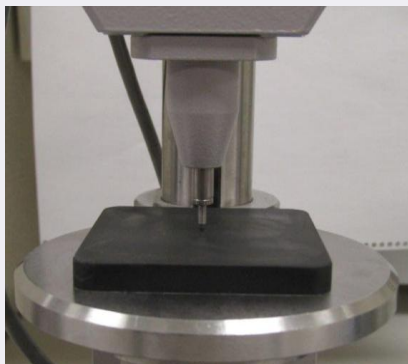
- 1. Recyclability**
- 2. Weight reduction**
- 3. Production times**

3. Champion formulations.



3. Champion formulations.

Formulation no.	Recycled content (%)	Hardness (ShD)	Tensile Strength (MPa)	Elongation at break (%)	MFI (g/10min)
		40 ± 5	>7	>400	1-9
DM2-008	0	41	13.7	440	2.4
DM2-012	18	38	14.7	496	10
DM2-011	23	38	14.0	422	14



4. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.



4. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.



Extrusion of
pipes



Thermoforming



Assembling



4. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.

DM2-008 (0% REC)



DM2-012 (18% REC)



DM2-011 (23% REC)



DM2- rTPV



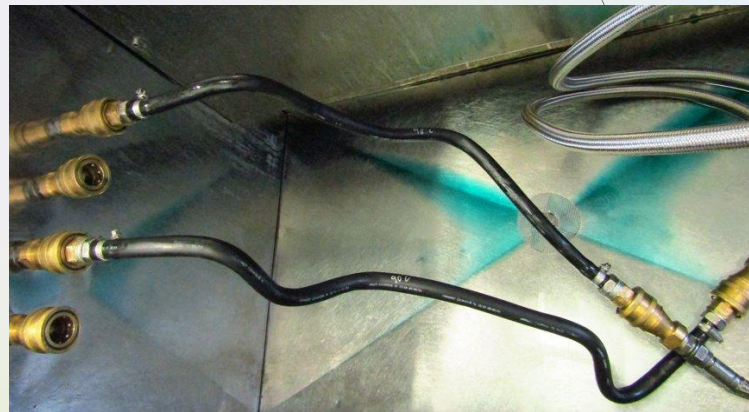
5. Validation of the parts.



5. Validation of the parts.

BURST TEST

Formulation no.	Burst pressure at 23°C (bar)	Burst pressure at 90°C (bar)
	≥8.5	≥8.5
DM2-008	17	11
DM2-012	15	9
DM2-011	13	8.5
DM2-rTPV	16	9.5



5. Validation of the parts.

FATIGUE TESTS



Temperature = 100°C
Pressure = 2.5 bar (100.000 cycles)
3 bar (100.000 cycles)
Duration = 5 days



Temperature = 100°C
Pressure = 1.5 bar
Duration = 2 months



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HORIZON EUROPE GA No. 101057067

LUNCH TIME

ENJOY!



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RESULTS FROM HOME APPLIANCES PILOT: WASHING MACHINE

DEMO 4: Washing machine seals



RESULTS FROM HOME APPLIANCES PILOT: WASHING MACHINE

OBJE CTIVE

Demonstrate the possibility to use recycled materials in home appliances pilot.

Feasibility of the manufacturing processes (injection moulding) using recycled materials.

Analyse the level of fulfilment of the technical specifications with demonstrators with different recycled material levels.





Ainara Telleria Echaniz

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*Material development
for fluid handling
division at*



PRIMUS WP4 leader is experienced in material development for automotive industry. After a Chemical Degree, she did her masters in Applied Chemistry and Polymeric Materials followed by the PhD in Inorganic Chemistry. She is working at CIKATEK R&D and Innovation Centre for the past 8 years, developing new materials for the automotive industry, focused on the automotive cooling system and its elements.

Results from home appliances pilot: washing machine

CONTENTS

1. Components of the washing machine.
2. Rubber materials.
3. Champion formulations.
4. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.
5. Validation of the parts.

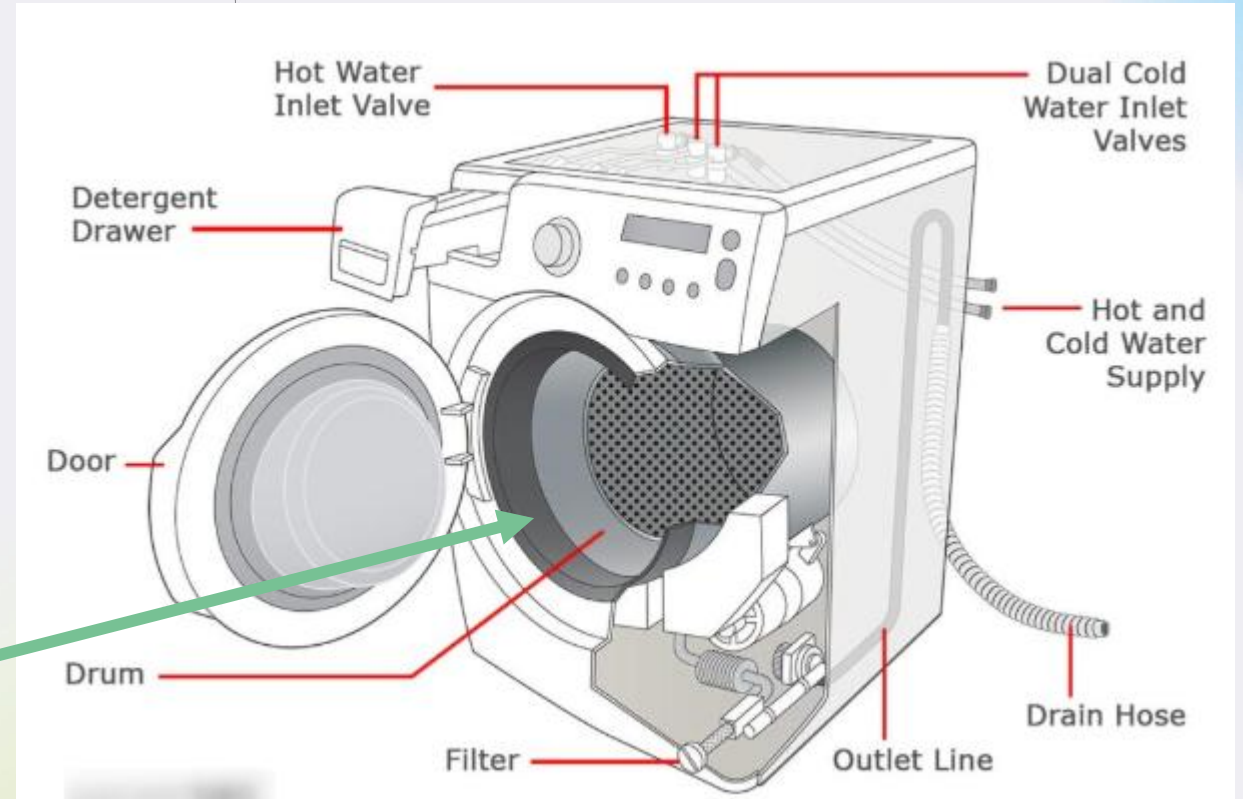


1. Components of the washing machine.



1. Components of the washing machine.

- Drum.
- Motor.
- Water pump.
- Control panel.
- Detergent dispenser.
- Drain hose.
- Door gasket.



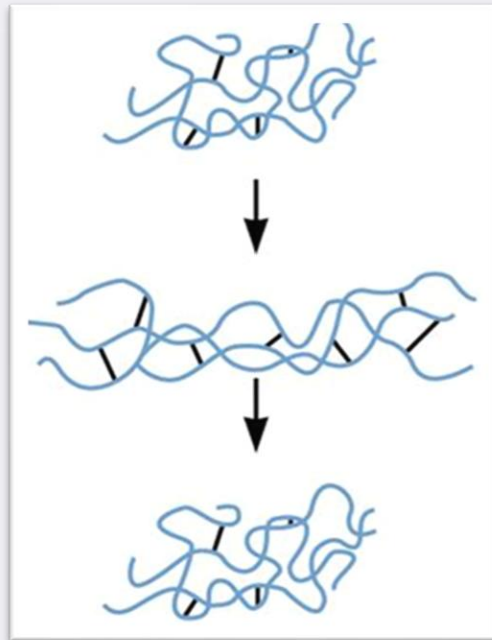
2. Rubber materials.



2. Rubber materials.

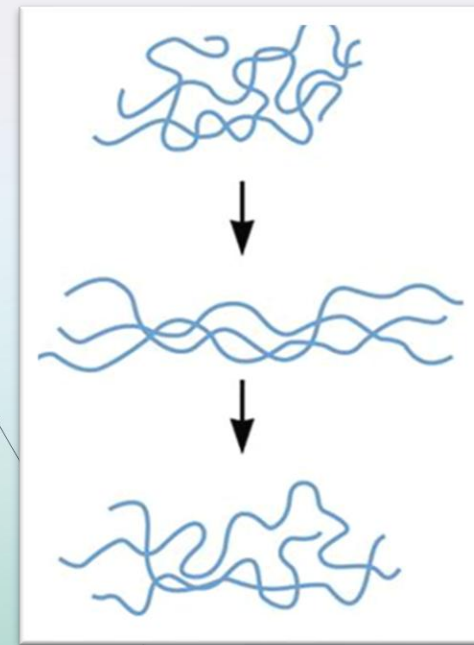
ELASTOMERS

- Crosslinked.
- Transformed into 3 dimensional network.
- Do not flow.
- Do not have T_m .
- Elastic.



THERMOPLASTICS

- Uncrosslinked.
- Not a rigid network.
- Flow at high temperatures.
- T_m .



3. Champion formulations.



3. Champion formulations.



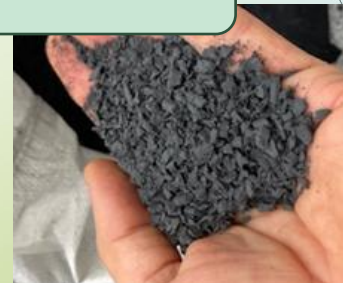
Collected end of life gaskets



Equipment used for chunking



Micronizing installation

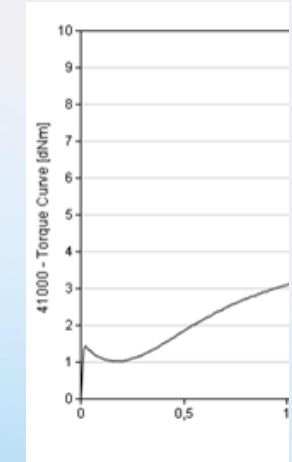
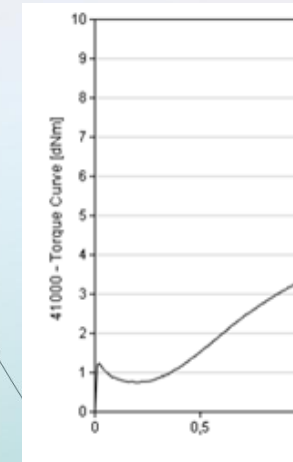
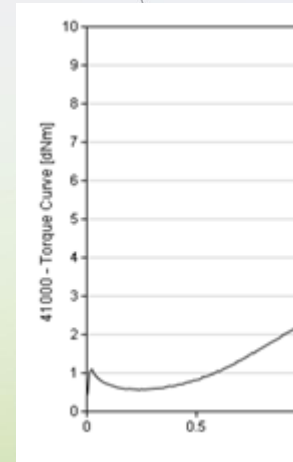


3. Champion formulations.

Formulation no.	Recycled content (%)	Hardness (ShA)	Tensile Strength (MPa)	Elongation at break (%)	ML, 1 min at 180°C
		38 ± 3	>8	>550	<1
DM4-013	0	37	10.3	835	0.56
DM4-010	10	37	9.4	754	0.75
DM4-012	20	38	8.2	705	1.02



Mixing instalation



4. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.



4. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.



Injection machine used for the production of the demonstrators



Mold used for the production of the demonstrators

4. Manufacturing of the demonstrators.

DM4-013 (0% REC)



DM4-010 (10% REC)



DM4-012 (20% REC)



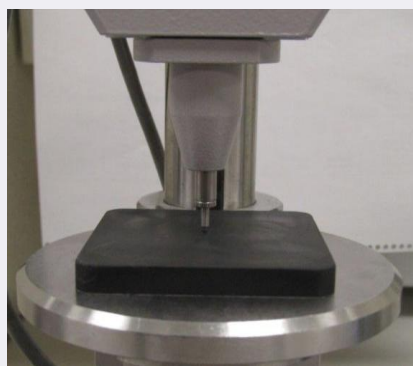
5. Validation of the parts.



5. Validation of the parts.

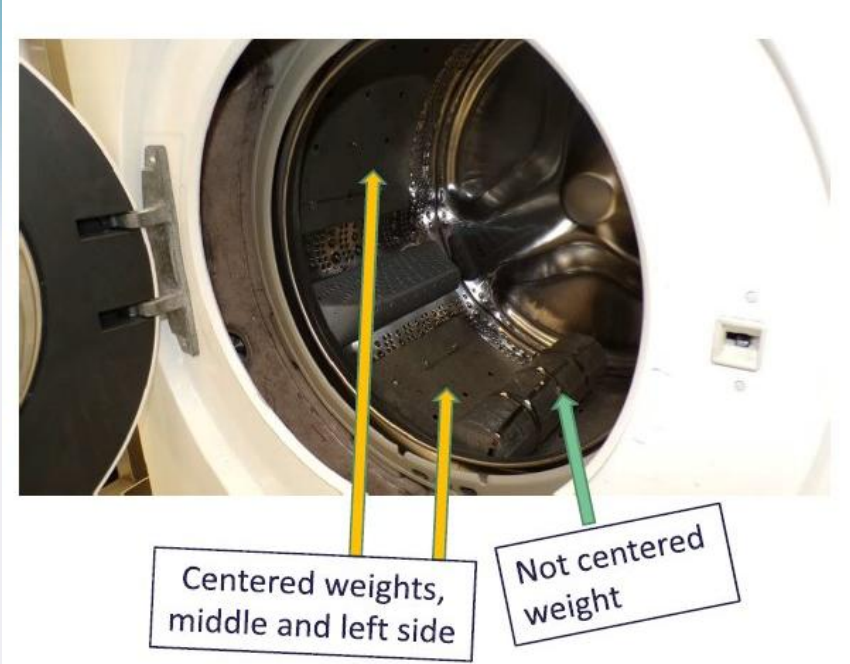
MECHANICAL PROPERTIES

Formulation no.	Recycled content (%)	Hardness (ShA)	Tensile Strength (MPa)	Elongation at break (%)	Abrasion (mm ³)
		38 ± 3	>8	>550	<500
DM4-013	0	36	10.1	945	431
DM4-010	10	36	9.5	795	487
DM4-012	20	37	8.3	766	497



5. Validation of the parts.

DURABILITY TEST



Temperature = 23°C

Dry conditions

Speed = 240 rpm

5. Validation of the parts.

DURABILITY TEST

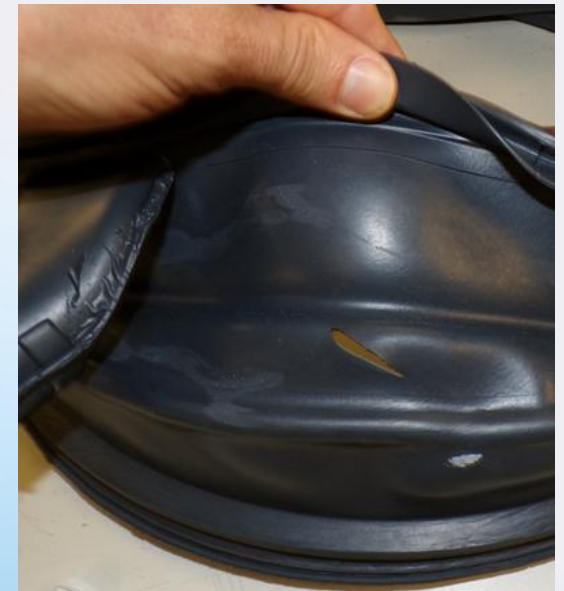
Formulation no.	Recycled content (%)	Time until hole appears (h)	% of decrease
DM4-013	0	29	
DM4-010	10	27	-7
DM4-012	20	21	-28



Wear of the part after several hours of test but still the hole has not appeared



Hole produced as a consequence of the durability test





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COFFEE BREAK & NETWORKING



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Food-contact solutions

Ana Rita Neiva
Coolrec



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Plastics Engineer at



PRIMUS refrigerator-to-refrigerator pilot leader.

Ana holds a master's degree in Polymer Engineering and specializes in tailoring polymeric materials. During her academic research, she developed more sustainable products for food packaging and recycled plastics in automotive applications. With a career developed in the recycling sector, she currently works as a Plastics Engineer at Coolrec Plastics carrying out several innovation projects.

FOOD-CONTACT SOLUTIONS

Break-out session

OBJECTIVE

The aim of this session is to provide a comprehensive overview of the **requirements to ensure the safety of using recycled high-impact polystyrene (rHIPS) in a new interior lining of a refrigerator.**

A case study is presented, in which **technical, food safety and migration** tests were performed. Key findings are highlighted to show future opportunities in the uptake of rHIPS from refrigerators to be used in refrigerators, contributing to a circular economy.



PRIMUS PROJECT

Work carried out

Regulatory background

Regulation (EU) No 1935/2004 sets requirements to all materials intended to come into contact with food and defines “food contact materials” (FCM).

Regulation (EU) No 10/2011 sets requirements on plastics materials in contact with food and comprises risk assessments.

Regulation (EU) No 2022/1616 sets requirements on recycled plastics, mostly on the process itself for the control of contaminants.

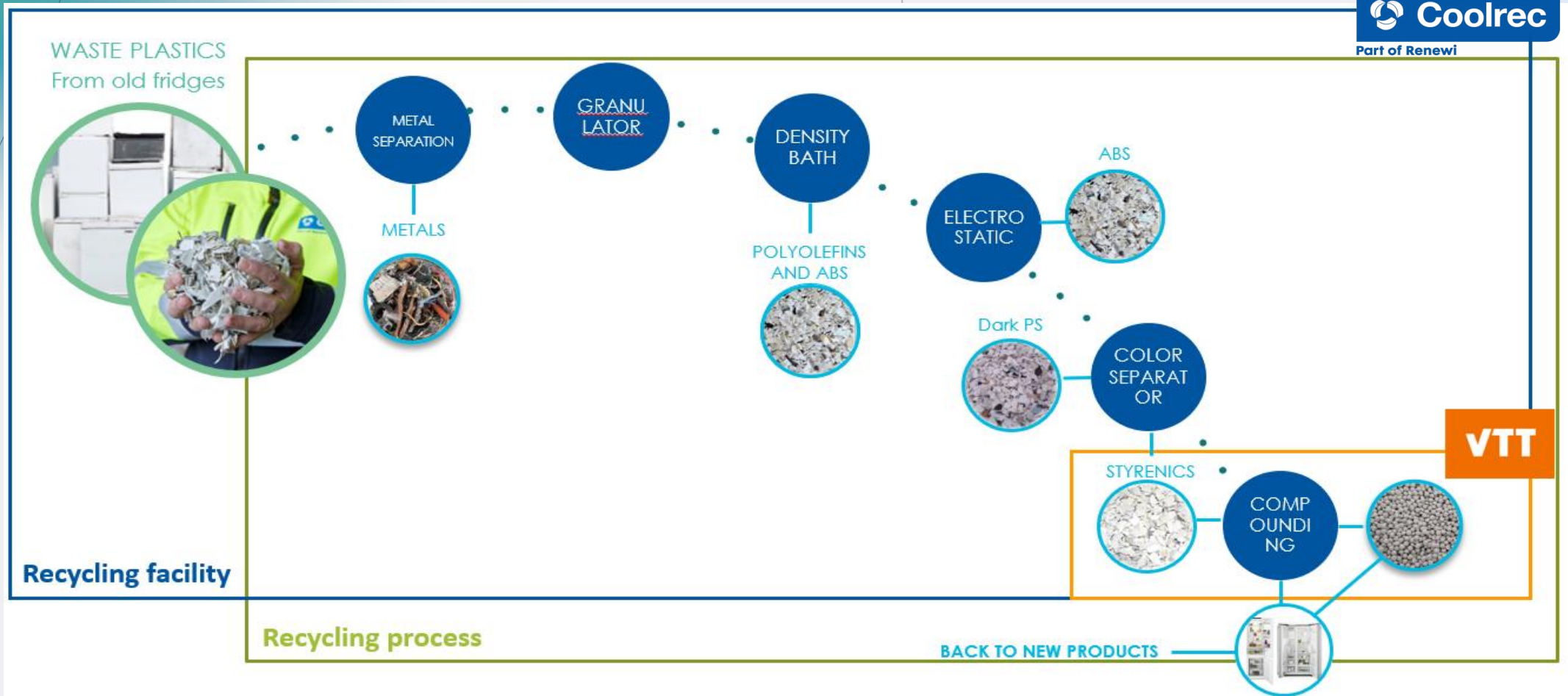
Work on PRIMUS

- ❑ r-HIPS assessment and reformulation to be formed into suitable samples for food safety tests
- ❑ Upgrade material to match technical specifications
- ❑ Quantification of (Non) Intentional Added Substances (N)IAS on the input and output
- ❑ Migration testing and modelling tool (finished part - inner liner of a refrigerator)



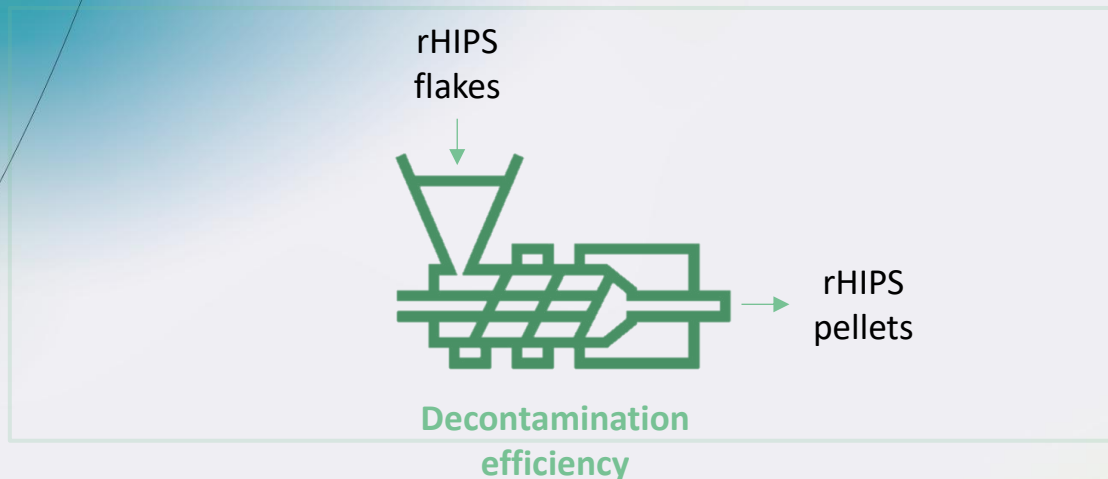
FROM OLD TO NEW REFRIGERATORS

Closing the loop



FIRST ASSESSMENT OF RHIPS FLAKES AND PELLETS

Novel technology assessment



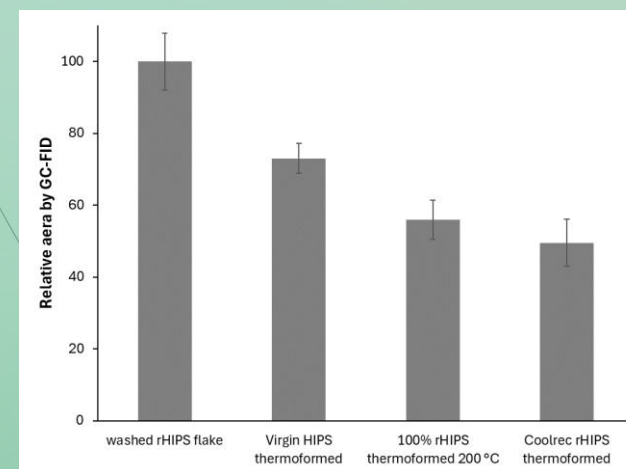
1. Sampling strategy applied (rHIPS flakes and pellets)
2. PRE-1000 methodology
3. Impact of the decontamination efficiency assessment



Key findings:

After assessing the decontamination efficiency, it was verified that thermoformed vHIPS sheets contain a higher concentration of PS oligomers than the ones made with rHIPS.

It is expected that PS oligomers are released during the long product lifetime.



MITIGATION MEASURES

Reduction of PS oligomers

A **mitigation plan** was prepared in which different conditions could be assessed, such as:



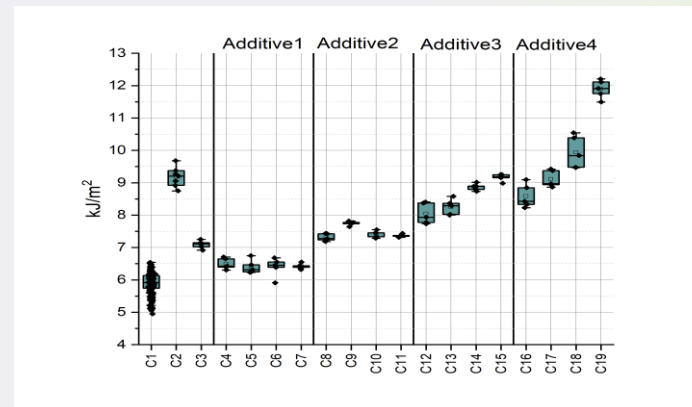
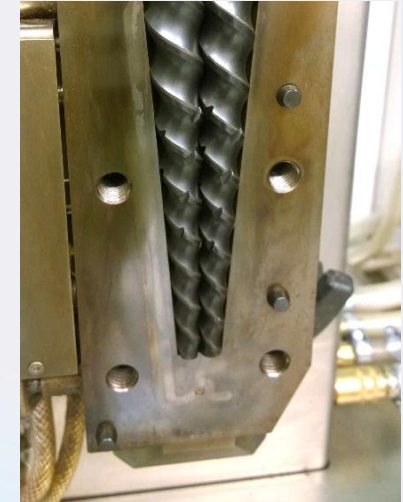
- The temperature settings and other parameters were adjusted such that the **compounding conditions were as mild as possible** to avoid thermo-mechanical degradation in the process (max 200 °C).
- Use of antioxidants** in final formulation to reduce the amount of oligomers
- 'super cleaning' decontamination options** - Washing procedure applied to the flakes with pure water, in a high intensity mixer in room temperature, followed by incubation of the r-HIPS flakes at +100 °C/10h in an air circulation desiccant dryer. → Reduction of 70% PS trimers.
- Vacuum degassing** of the Varex line (VTT) on the compounds.



RE-FORMULATION OF RHIPS RECIPE

Varex-line compounding

- ❑ Upgrade compounded recipes considering virgin HIPS properties
 - ❑ Washing, homogenization, compounding and mechanical characterization performed
 - ❑ Several recipes identified to boost rHIPS properties
 - ❑ Compounding with food grade TPEs to improve mechanical properties
 - ❑ Adding virgin HIPS and other additives to the compound



DEMONSTRATOR

Sheet extrusion and thermoforming

Recipes tested:

TRIAL	rHIPS	Impact modifier	vHIPS	Antioxidant	Processing T
VAREX 1	100%				220°C
VAREX 2	100%				200°C
VAREX 3	70%	12%	18%	0.1%	200°C
VAREX 4	50%	8%	42%	0.1%	200°C

Recipe selected

High amount of oligomers



Selection

12% food contact TPE added to reach an acceptable level of 10-15 kJ/m² Charpy N impact strength and increase the ESCR, **18% virgin HIPS** to boost melt viscosity, and **0.1% antioxidants** to reduce the concentration of PS oligomers generated during processing.

Pilot scale extrusion and thermoforming

After using the Varex line to produce the recipe number 3, the extruded sheets and the thermoformed samples were produced at VTT.



FOOD CONTACT SAFETY ASSESSMENT

(Non) Intentional added substances - (N)IAS

- ❑ Monitoring of (N)IAS on rHIPS flakes, rHIPS pellets and rHIPS thermoformed sheet.
- ❑ Assessment of Novel technology decontamination efficiency.
- ❑ Risk assessment through the development of a migration modelling tool. Use of several exposure scenarios for theoretical migration.
- ❑ Regulation (EU) 10/2011 and Cramer Classes are used for the toxicological evaluation of substances, allowing the establishment of limits.



Key findings:

Substances detected on the flakes were not detected on the thermoformed sheet, proving the efficiency of the decontamination technology.

Example: DEHP (phthalate)

Styrene dimers and trimers were detected in higher concentration on the thermoformed sheets than on flakes, due to degradation from thermal cycles.

The migration modelling tool showed a considerable safety margin when comparing the theoretical migrated substances with the Regulatory limits.



FOOD CONTACT SAFETY ASSESSMENT

Overall and specific migration

❑ Assessment of the overall migration on the rHIPS thermoformed sheet

- ❑ Simulants A (ethanol 10%), B (acetic acid 3%) and D2 (oil) - which simulate all types of foodstuffs.

Test - simulant	Simulant	Unit	Result	Criteria	Compliance ¹
Overall migration - simulant A	10% ethanol	mg/dm ²	< 0.5 (< 0.5; < 0.5; < 0.5)	≤ 10	compliant
Overall migration - simulant B	3% acetic acid	mg/dm ²	3.0 (3.5; 3.5; 2.0)	≤ 10	compliant
Overall migration - simulant D2	Olive oil	mg/dm ²	5.5 (4.5; 6.0; 5.5)	≤ 10	compliant

¹ Commission Regulation (EU) 10/2011 on plastic materials and articles intended for contact with food, as amended (last update Regulation (EU) 2023/1627 of 10 August 2023).

❑ Assessment of the specific migration on the rHIPS thermoformed sheet*

- ❑ For specific substances such as metals, intentional-added substances (e.g. impact modifiers, antioxidants), etc.

*Laboratory tests ongoing



Key findings:

The overall migration results were positive after assessing the three different simulants and proving the compliance required by Regulation (EU) 10/2011.



RECOMMENDATIONS

- ❑ Considerations should carefully be taken when assessing food contact safety, such as:
 - ❑ Efficiency of the decontamination technology;
 - ❑ Different reformulation options can be considered to form suitable samples - use of virgin materials as a functional barrier or mixture, antioxidants, stabilizers, etc;
 - ❑ Use of mild conditions during compounding, sheet extrusion and thermoforming;
 - ❑ Apply "super cleaning" decontamination to reduce PS trimers
 - ❑ Use melt filtration and an efficient vacuum degassing system;
 - ❑ Exposure scenarios of the final application - temperature, time, type of food in direct contact, e.g. fruits and vegetables, and indirect contact with material through packaging;
 - ❑ Contact area of the final application; volume of food and volume of polymer;
 - ❑ Choice of simulants;
 - ❑ Example: for migration, it is relevant to select a simulant that represents the food in direct contact (fruits and vegetables)





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THANK YOU!

ANY QUESTIONS?

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